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#### ABSTRACT

Prepared to help develop a vision for California's community colleges into the 21st century, this report presents data on the colleges' performance up to 1996 and estimations of trends up to 2005. Data presented focus on the issues of student access, outcomes, and funding. Selected findings include the following: (1) participation rates peaked in the late 1970's but have declined since, reaching 59 per 1,000 adults in 1996; (2) participation rates in the 1990's have been highest among 18-24 year olds, but have fallen for Blacks, have been low for Hispanics, and high for Asians; (3) between 1985 and 1990 transfers to the University of California and the California State University increased by 9% from 52,043 to 56,685; and (4) the colleges' share of taxes declined by 27% between 1975 and 1995, while the colleges' costs per student are just three-fifths of the national average. In the future, the state's population is expected to continue to grow, especially among 18-24 year olds; the greatest job growth will occur in jobs requiring higher skills and postsecondary education; and participation rates will likely increase. Recommended reforms to respond to the future include developing higher and more consistent revenue streams through partnerships with business and other agents; improving productivity through technology, delivery reorganization, and legal reforms; and improving assessment, degree/award structures, accountability, and planning. Includes data tables. (TGI)

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#### "COMMUNITY COLLEGES 2005"

Session #1 Presentation by

Chuck McIntyre

Director of Research and Analysis

Chancellor's Office, California Community Colleges

at

#### A National Leadership Conference

of

#### The California Association of Latino Community College Trustees

Friday, May 16, 1997 10 a.m.

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#### "COMMUNITY COLLEGES 2005"

Session #1 Presentation by

# Chuck McIntyre Director of Research and Analysis Chancellor's Office, California Community Colleges

SESSION #1 OUTLINE

#### 1. Community Colleges 2005:

To develop a vision for community colleges (CCs) as enter 21st century
Origin: began from Board of Governors discussion at its February 1997 retreat
Purpose: statement on how CCs can provide access to high quality and relevant
programs through 2005

Timeline: to be reviewed in Consultation process through Fall 1997; first draft to Board in November 1997, action early in 1998....

Staffing: Chancellor and staff, working with Consultation Task Force, full Council, field (groups like *Latino Trustees*), and Board of Governors, with outside input (Rand, HE Policy Center, CSU, UC, DE, CPEC, BlueRibbon Commission on HE)

#### 2. Project Issues:

- ACCESS
- QUALITY
- FUNDING
  - REVENUES
  - EXPENDITURES
- THE FUTURE
  - CONDITIONS
  - OPTIONS
  - REFORMS



3

Community Colleges 2005, Project Issues:

#### ACCESS

- Participation rate peaked in late 1970s, and declined since (to 59/1,000 adults)
- Major fluctuations in rate can be related to policy (funding, fees, etc.) and events
- Rates are highest among 18-24 year-olds, particularly during 1990s
- · Rates have fallen for Blacks, have been low for Hispanics, high for Asians

#### QUALITY

Work in progress

#### **FUNDING**

#### REVENUES

- Colleges' share of taxes declined by 27% between 1975 and 1995
- Despite low fees, colleges' taxpayer support is lower than in other states
  - Low fees equate to high participation rate...

#### **EXPENDITURES**

- Colleges' costs per student are just three-fifths of those elsewhere; gap widens...
- Instructional costs are low because of higher student:faculty ratio than elsewhere
- Higher student:faculty ratio due to heavier class loads (2 hrs>), larger classes (10>)
- · CA colleges also have low administrative and plant maintenance costs
- And, lower (BUT increasing) student service costs; decreasing library costs

#### THE FUTURE

#### CONDITIONS

- State's growth will continue, especially among 18-24 year-olds; @600,000 per year
- Highest growth rates for Asians and Hispanics; highest numbers for Hispanics
- Adult growth continues; but <18 year-old, K-12 ADA growth eases (P98 problem!)
- Greatest job growth in higher skills (requiring some postsecondary education)
- · Hispanics comprise most of labor force growth, but have held fewer higher skill jobs
- Likely future has moderate economic growth, recession around turn-of-century

#### **OPTIONS**

- Participation rates will increase (perhaps to >65/1,000); is this enough?
- Range of scenarios leaves "gaps" (budget deficits), if colleges maintain quality
- More likely scenario (and P98 share: 10.26% to 10.6% by 2000) also leaves gap

#### REFORMS

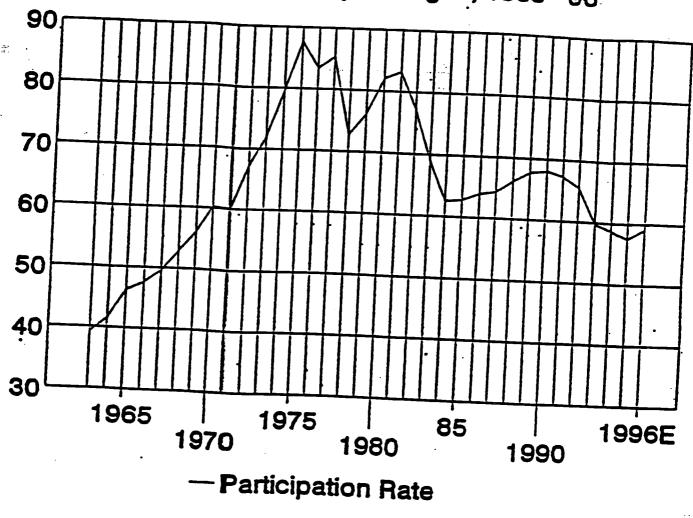
Higher and more consistent revenue streams; >partnering with business, other agents Greater productivity: from technology, delivery reorganization, prioritizing, legal reform... Better assessment, degree/award structure, accountability/accreditation, planning...



Chart 1

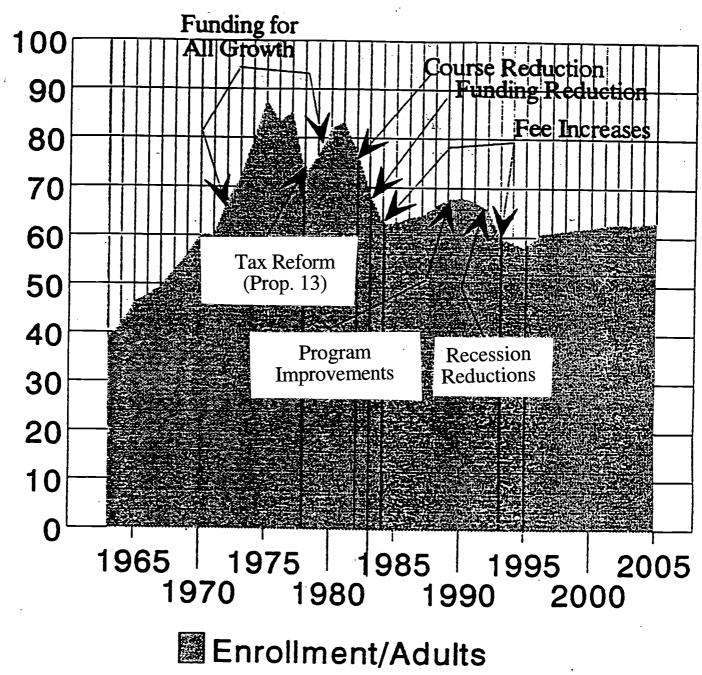
PARTICIPATION RATES

California Community Colleges, 1963–96





# ACCESS AND POLICY Actual 1963-95; Forecast 1996-2005



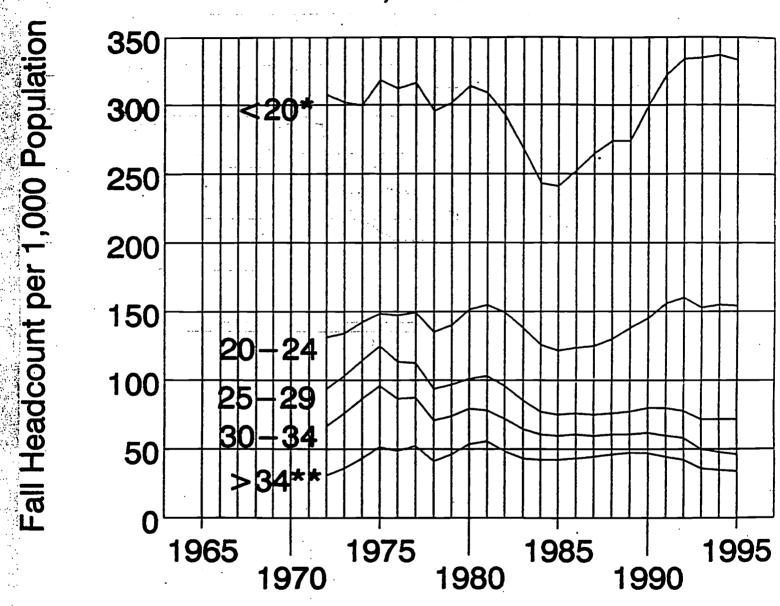
OURCE Chancellor's Office, California Community Colleges, September 1996.

OTES Major policies are depicted as influencing enrollment change. Lesser policies, economic conditions (unemployment), and demographic change also impacted enrollment, but typically to a lesser degree.



#### Chart 10

## COMMUNITY COLLEGE PARTICIPATION RATES BY AGE, 1965 TO 1995



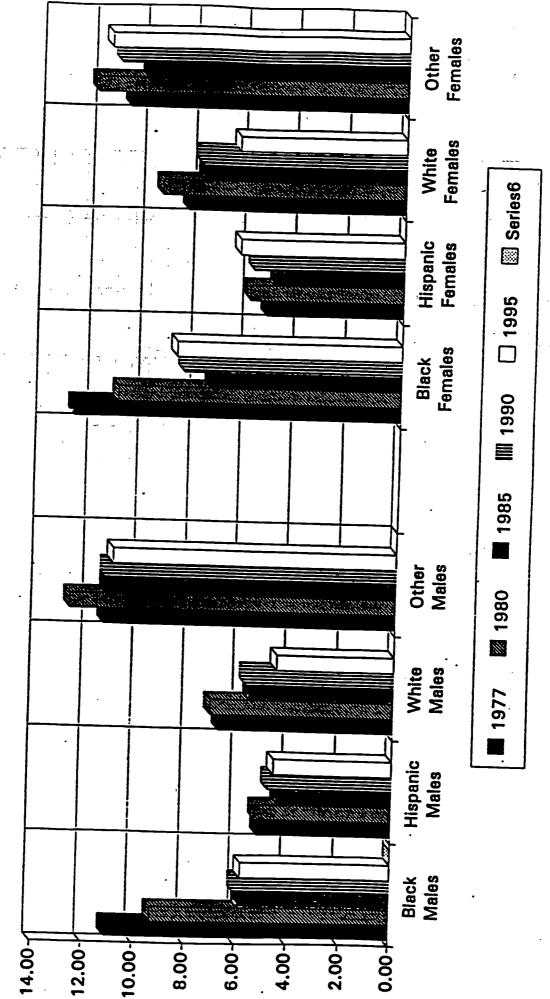
SOURCE: Chancellor's Office 1997; Department of Finance, 1997.

- \* Students less than 20 years—old compared to 18 and 19 year—olds.
- \*\* Students 35 years-old and over compared to population 35 to 64.



Chart 9

Percent Enrollment of Adult Population By Ethnicity and Gender (1977-1995)





00

The California Community Colleges (CCC) transferred 70,000 students to four-year olleges and universities both in and out of California during 1991-92.

Of every ten CCC transfers:

1 goes to the University of California (UC)

7 go to the California State University (CSU)

1 goes to a California private, four-year institution

1 goes to a four-year institution out of California

Two-thirds of students transfer in the fall; the other one-third in the spring. The ighest-ever number of fall transfers to UC and CSU was in Fall 1975—43,539—ue to peak numbers of young students.

Setween 1985 and 1990, CCC transfers to UC and CSU in the fall and spring

ocreased 4,642—or nine percent—from 52,043 to 56,685.

Ouring the period 1986 to 1990, rates of transfer (transfers per 100 full-time)

African-American

African-American

African-American

African-American

Caucasian

Also went up for all ethnic groups; however, Hispanic 1986

1986

1990

6.4

9.0

13.3

 African-American
 6.4
 9.0

 Caucasian
 13.0
 13.3

 Hispanic
 8.8
 10.5

 Asian/Pacific Islander
 10.6
 12.1

 Filipino
 9.3
 10.6

 American Indians
 9.6
 12.6

990 by 795 (2%), because of cutbacks by UC and CSU. ach year, one-half of CSU bachelor degree recipients and one-fifth of UC bachelor egree recipients are CCC transfers.

he Fall 1991 number of transfers to UC and CSU—35,995—was down from Fall

CC transfers perform well in upper division:

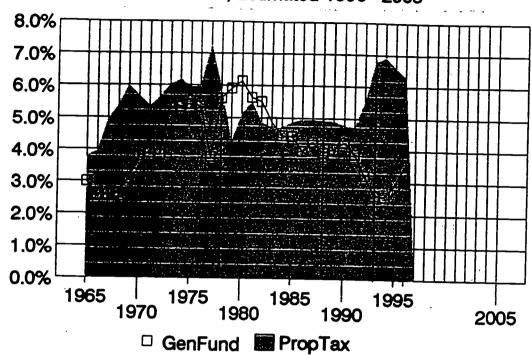
They record GPAs at CSU that are comparable to those obtained by CSU natives. In UC upper division, CCC transfers who were originally eligible to attend UC.

FERIC m as well as UC natives; those not originally eligible are within 0.5 percent or the UC natives' GPA.

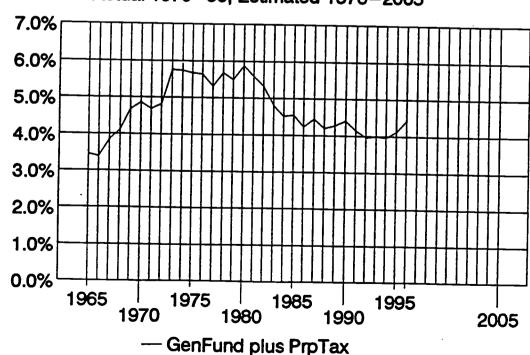
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#### COMMUNITY COLLEGE TAX SHARES Actual 1965-95; Estimated 1996-2005

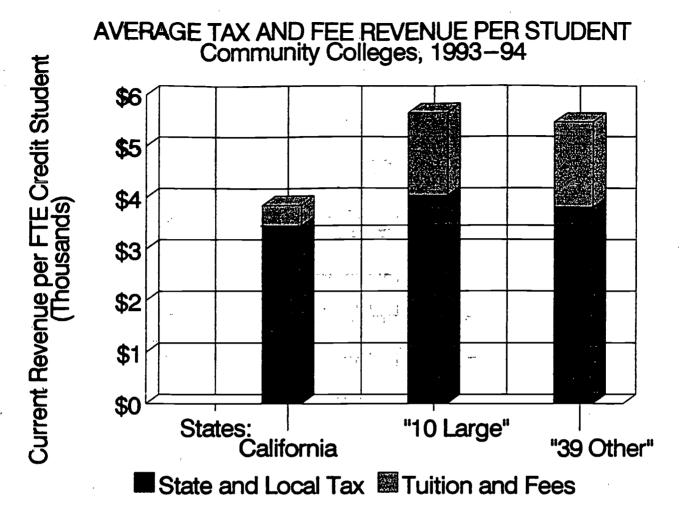


## COMMUNITY COLLEGE TAX SHARE Actual 1970-95; Estimated 1976-2005



SOUJRCE: Chancellor's Office, May 1997.

Chart 4



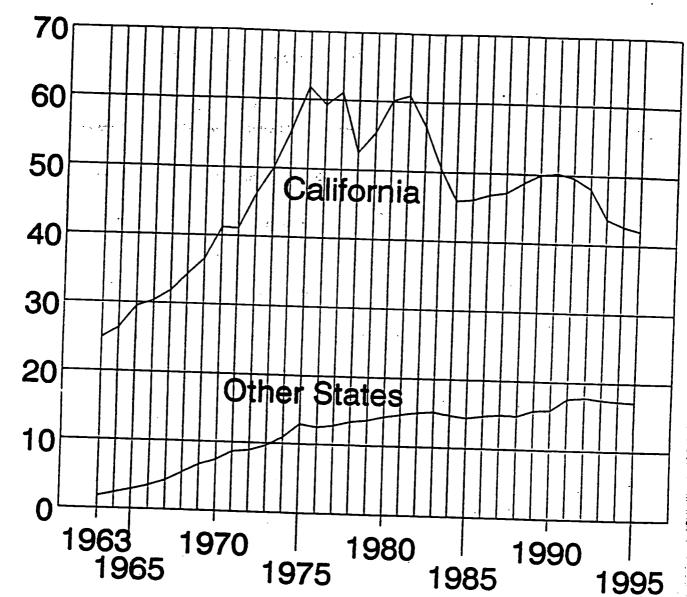
SOURCE: NCES, E.D.TABS, September 1996. Chancellor's Office, April 1997.

NOTE: The ten large states include Arizona, Florida, Illinois, Michigan, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, and Washington.



#### Chart 11

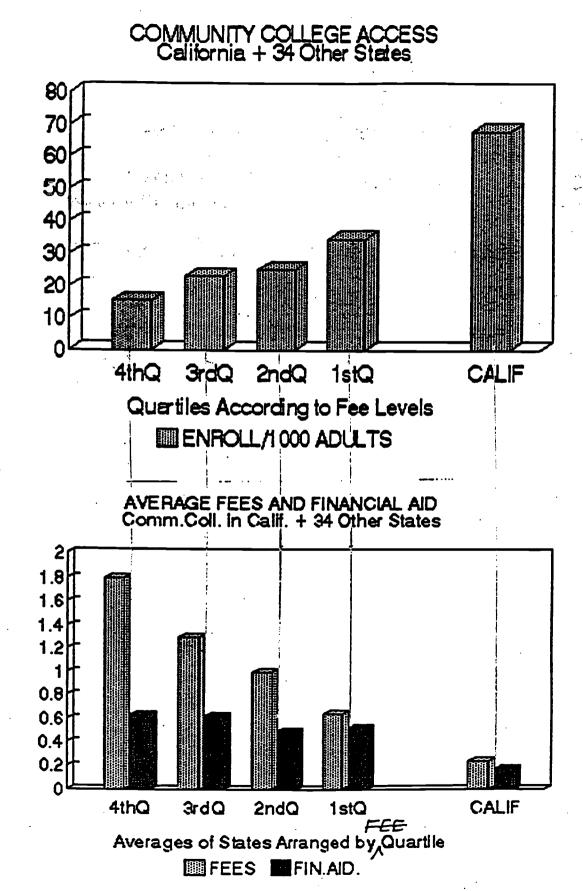
# COMMUNITY COLLEGE PARTICIPATION RATES 1963 TO 1995



OURCE: Chancellor's Office, California Community Colleges, Research and Analysis Unit, April 1997.

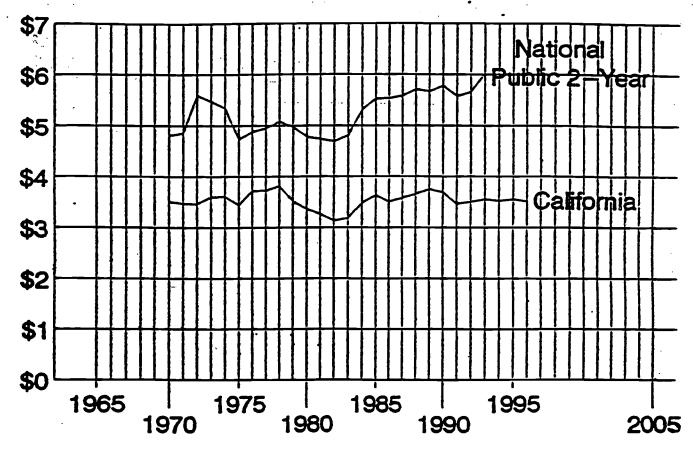


\$/FTE STUDENT (Thousands)



# Price-Adjusted \$ per Credit FTE (Thousands)

# Chart 6 COMMUNITY COLLEGES CONSTANT E&G EXPENDITURE PER CREDIT FTE Actual 1970–95; Estimated 1996–2005

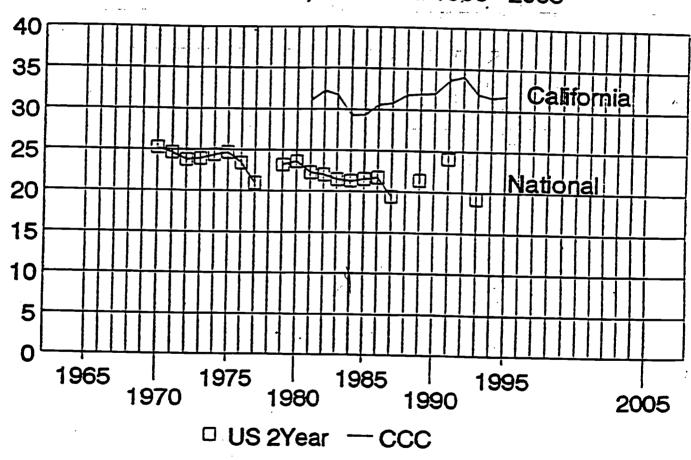


NOTE: Includes E&G Expenditures less Student Aid and Transfers from General



Chart 8

### COMMUNITY COLLEGE STUDENT: FACULTY RATIO Actual 1965-1995; Estimated 1996-2005







#### FACTORS DEFINING STUDENT: FACULTY RATIOS

	FACULTY LOAD Weekly Faculty Contact Hours		CLASS SIZE Average Course Section Size	
	California	Other States	California	Other States
1989-90	17.5	15.4 *	29.2	19.5 *
1992-93	16.7	14.7 **	28.8	17.9 **

NOTES: \*Community Colleges in eight other large states (see Chart 5).

\*\*Based on reports by 308 community college districts outside California.

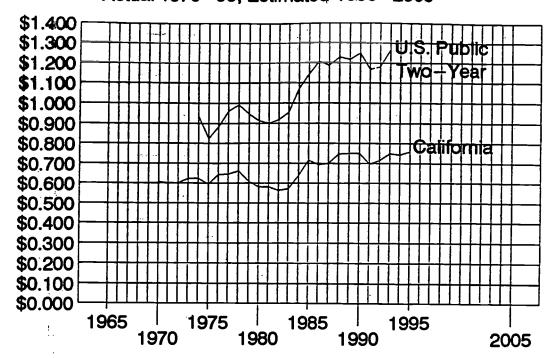
bgpln97f/fv25



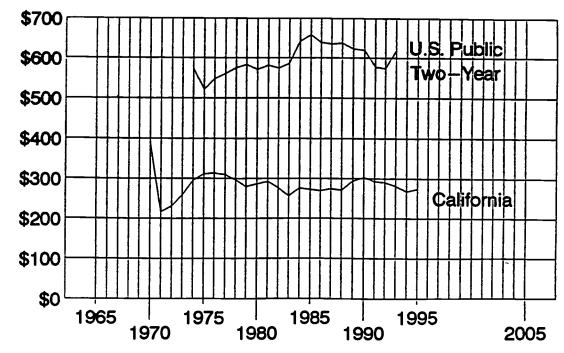
SOURCES: Chancellor's Office, Research and Analysis, May 1997. Comparative Final Statistics of Community Colleges, studies by National Associaton of College and University Business Officials (NACUBO). NCES Digest of Educational Statistics, 1996.

# Chart 11 COMMUNITY COLLEGES ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS PER FTE Actual 1970-95; Estimated 1996-2005

Price—Adjusted \$ per Credit FTE (Thousands)



## PLANT MAINTENANCE COSTS PER FTE Actual 1970-95; Estimated 1996-2005

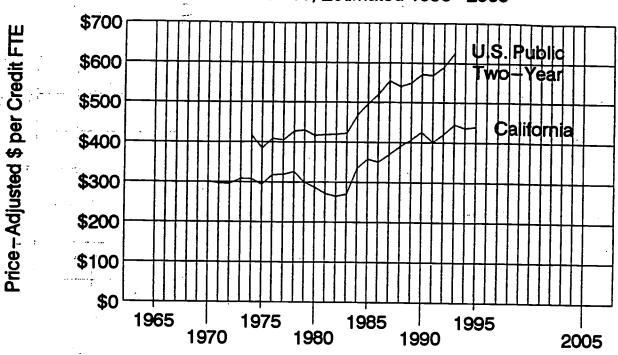


Price - Adjusted \$ per Credit FTE

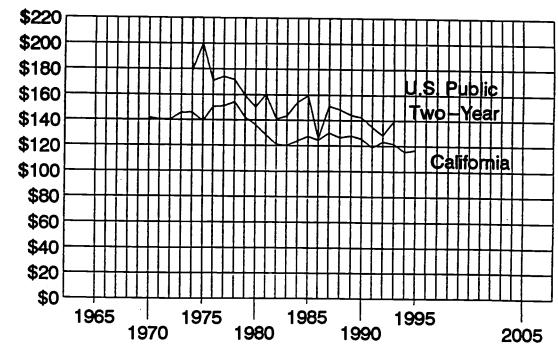
S∩URCE: Chancellor's Office, Research and Analysis, May 1997.

Chart 10

## CONSTANT STUDENT SERVICE COST PER FTE Actual 1970-95; Estimated 1996-2005



## CONSTANT LIBRARY/MEDIA COST PER FTE Actual 1970-95; Estimated 1996-2005



SOURCE: Chancellor's Office, Research and Analysis, May 1997.

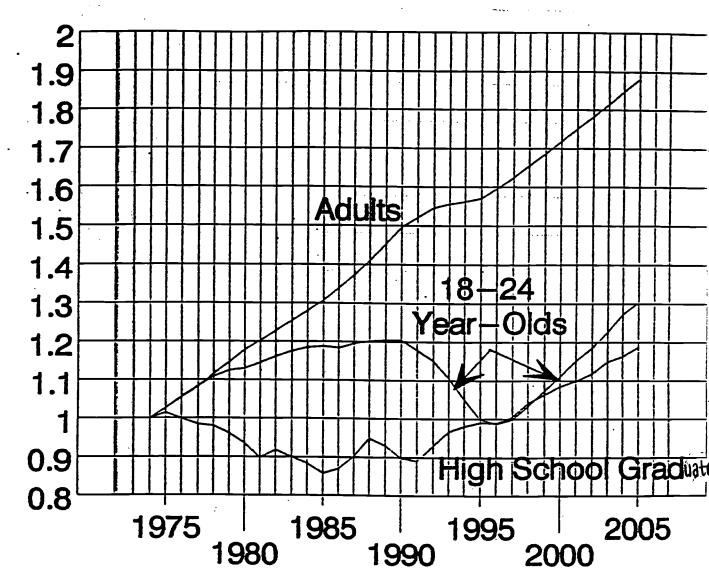
bgpin97f/fi451/bg20,bg21

Price-Adjusted \$ per Credit FTE

CALIFORNIA DEMOGRAPHIC TREND

Figure 2

# CALIFORNIA DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS 1974-94 Actual; 1995-2005 Forecast

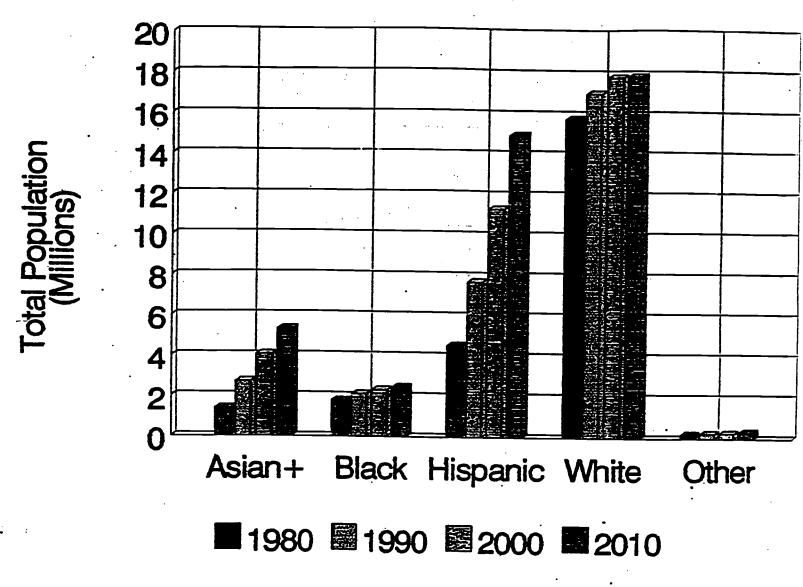


Sources: Derived from Department of Finance, 1996; California Postsecondary Education Commission, 1995.



Figure 3

# CALIFORNIA RACIAL AND ETHNIC GROUPS 1980,1990 Actual; 2000,2010 Forecast



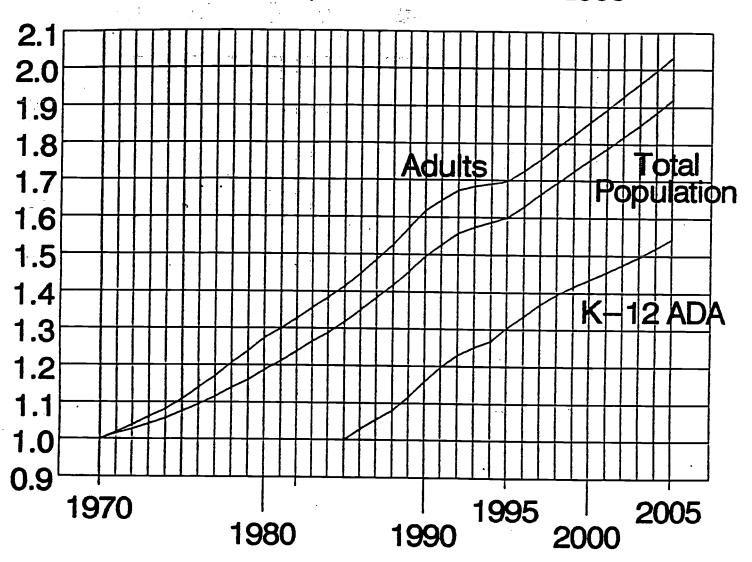
NOTE: Asian+ includes Asian and Pacific Islanders.

Source: Derived from Center for the Continuing Study of the California Economy, California Population Characteristics, 1995.



# Figure 3 ASSUMED VALUES AND FORECASTS SCENARIOS A AND B

## POPULATION AND K-12 ADA Actual 1970-95; Estimated 1996-2005



SOURCE: Chancellor's Office, Research and Analysis.

02/04/97

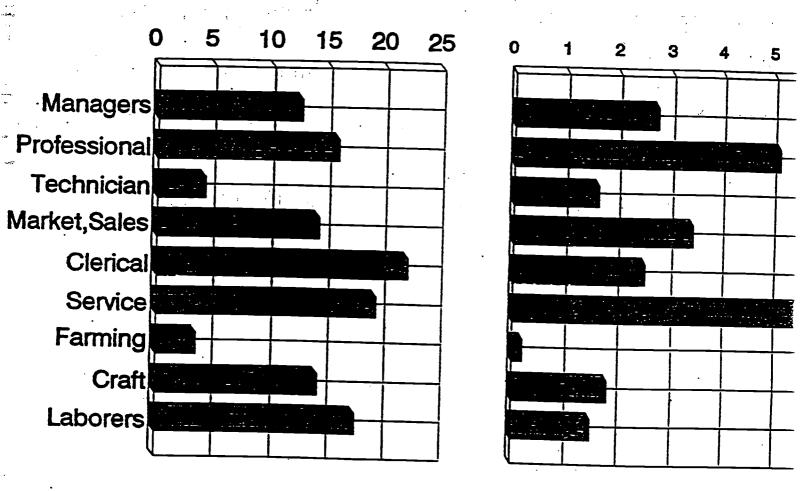


Figure 5

## U.S. JOBS AND JOB GROWTH, 1990 TO 2005

Jobs in 1990 (Millions)

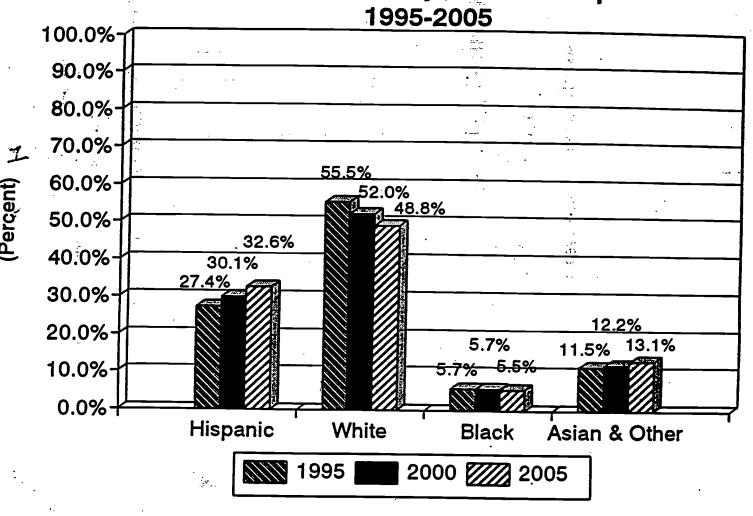
Job Growth from 1990 to 200 (Millions)



ource: Center for the Continuing Study of the California Economy, California Population Characteristics, 1992.



California
Labor Force by Ethnic Group

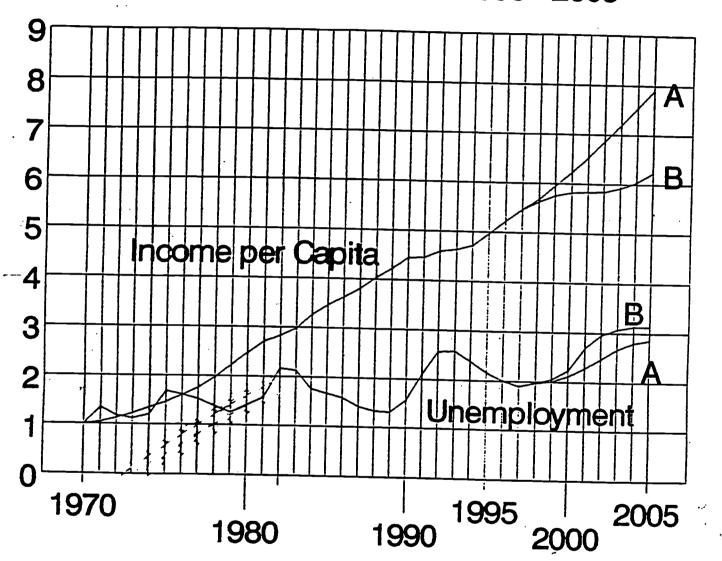


#### DISTRIBUTION OF CALIFORNIA WORKERS IN 1988 BY ETHNICITY AND OCCUPATION TYPE

·	Asian	Black	Hispanic	White
lanagerial, Professional, Technical and Sales	61%	56%	31%	72%
ervice, Farm, Craft and Labor	39	44	69	28
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

# Figure 1 ASSUMED VALUES AND FORECASTS SCENARIOS A AND B

# PERSONAL INCOME AND UNEMPLOYMENT Actual 1970-95; Estimated 1996-2005



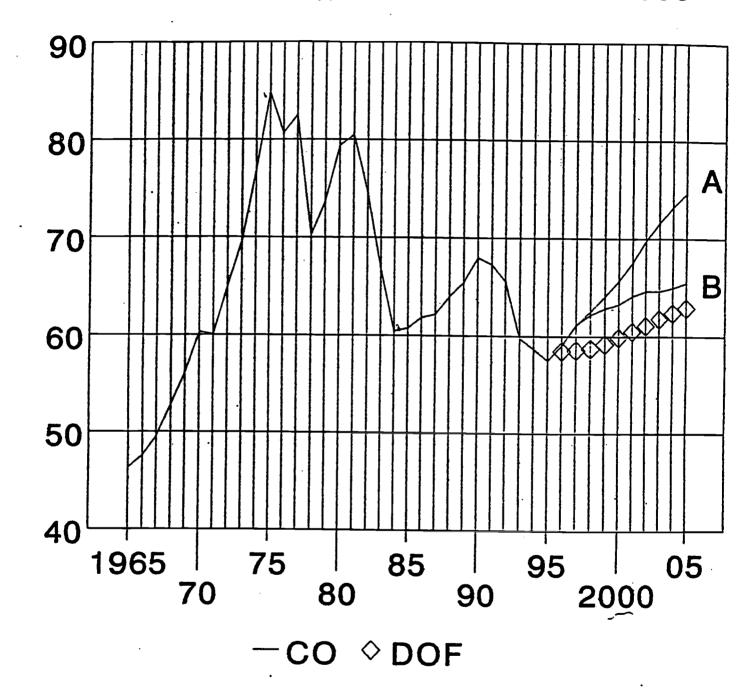
SOURCE: Chancellor's Office, Research and Analysis.

02/04/97



## Figure 6 SCENARIOS A AND B

## COMMUNITY COLLEGE PARTICIPATION RATE Actual 1965-95; Estimated 1996-2005

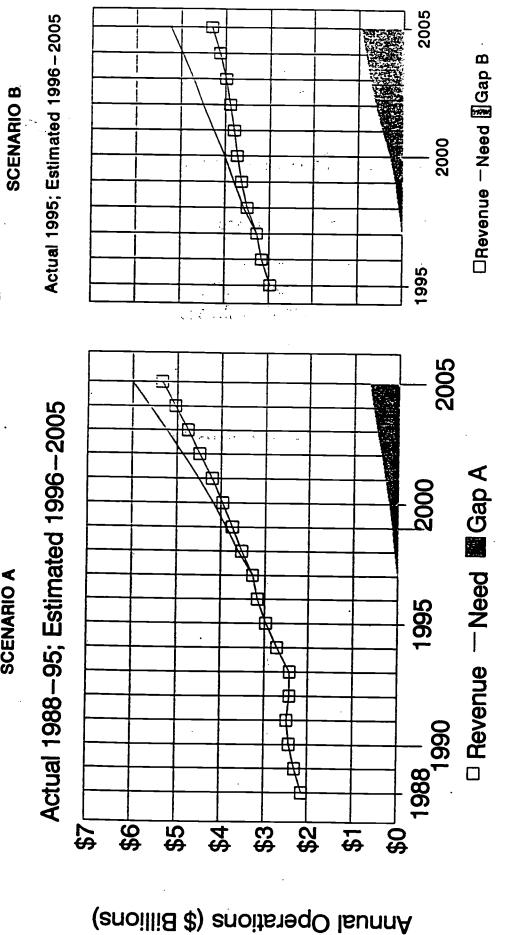


SOURCE: Chancellor's Office, Research and Analysis. 02/05/97

#### NOTES:

Top CO line is result of (1/97) forecast from "Scenario A," in which CCSCE has projected an annual increase in "real personal income" of 3.3% annually. This is higher than most others are projecting, and has no recession that night be expected (based on history) by the end of the 1990s.

Figure 7
COMMUNITY COLLEGE FUNDING
SCENARIO A



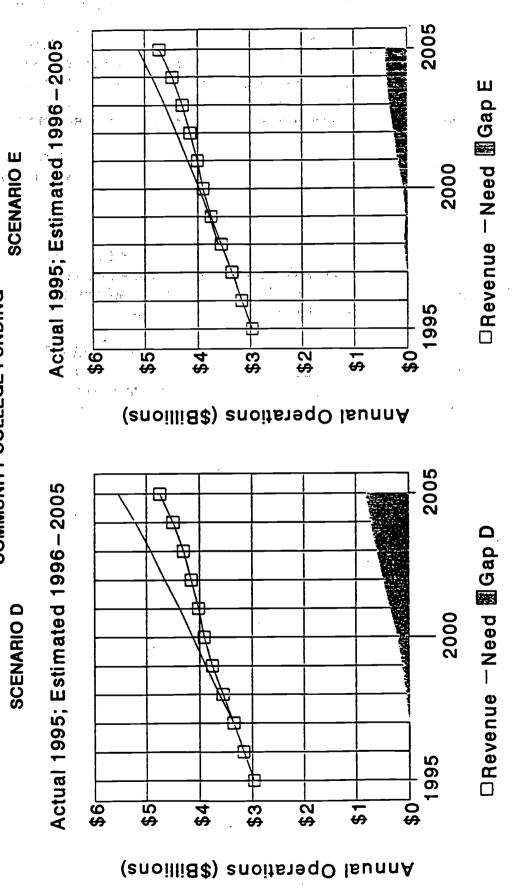
SOURCE: Chancellor's Office, Research and Analysis.

02/05/97

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COMMUNITY COLLEGE FUNDING Figure 8







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